Multi-Technology Ceiling Mounted Occupancy Sensor

Cat. No. OSCØ5-R, OSC1Ø-R, OSC2Ø-R

To be used with 24VAC/VDC OSPxx Series and CN100 Power Pack, or other Class 2 power supplies

WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS:

- TO AVOID FIRE, SHOCK, OR DEATH; TURN OFF POWER AT CIRCUIT BREAKER OR FUSE AND TEST THAT POWER IS OFF REFORE WIRING!
- To be installed and/or used in accordance with appropriate electrical codes and regulations.
- If you are unsure about any part of these instructions, consult an electrician.
- · Sensors must be mounted on a vibration free surface.
- Do not terminate using data type wire, such as Cat 5/5E.
- Do not mount sensors closer than 10 feet from each other.
- All sensors must be mounted at least 6 feet away from air vents, air handlers, and reflective surfaces (windows/mirrors).
- Do not touch the surface of the lens. Clean outer surface with a damp cloth only.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

CATALOG ITEMS									
Cat. No.	Description	Voltage Range	Current Consumption	HVAC Relay	Operating Frequency	Coverage	Suggested Mounting Location		
OSC05-RMW	1-Way Multi- Technology	16-28VAC/VDC	21mA DC, 40mA AC	Isolated Relay 1A @ 30VAC/VDC	40 KHz	500 sq. ft.	Mount in center of room/area, 8-10ft height		
OSC10-RMW	2-Way Multi- Technology	16-28VAC/VDC	28mA DC, 50mA AC	Isolated Relay 1A @ 30VAC/VDC	40 KHz	1000 sq. ft.	Mount in center of room/area, 8-10ft height		
OSC20-RMW	2-Way Multi- Technology	16-28VAC/VDC	26mA DC, 48mA AC	Isolated Relay 1A @ 30VAC/VDC	32 KHz	2000 sq. ft.	Mount in center of room/area, 8-10ft height		

PK-93734-10-00-0A

FCC COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device must not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by Leviton could void the user's authority to operate this equipment

Tools needed to install your Sensor

Slotted/Phillips Screwdriver Pliers Cutters

Pencil

Parts Included List

#8-32 x 1/2" Screw (2) #8-32 x 1-1/2" Screw (2) #8-32 Washer and Nut (2)

Threaded Rod (1) and Hex Nut (1) Half Mask (1) 360° Perforated Mask (1) Plastic Washer (1)

DESCRIPTION

The Occupancy Sensor is a low-voltage infrared and ultrasonic sensor that works with the OSPxx Series and CN100 power pack, or other Class 2 power supplies, to automatically control lighting. The sensor turns the lights on and keeps them on whenever occupancy is detected and will turn them off after the 'delayed-off time' has expired.

The sensor continually analyzes and adjusts to changing conditions. The sensor uses the latest microprocessor-based technology which permits it to continually adjust and optimize its performance.

The combination of ultrasonic (doppler shift) motion detection which gives maximum sensitivity and infrared motion detection which gives higher false triggering immunity yields a sensor with excellent performance.

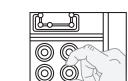
WARNING: TO AVOID FIRE, SHOCK, OR DEATH; TURN OFF

POWER at circuit breaker or fuse and test that power is off before wiring!

INSTALLING YOUR OCCUPANCY SENSOR

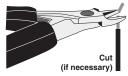
NOTE: Use check boxes $\sqrt{}$ when Steps are completed.

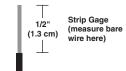
OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON



Preparing and connecting wires:

√∏on





Step 3

Typical Installations:

Listed are 3 typical installation options (A, B, and C). Choose one that best suits your needs. Other methods of installation may be possible but they have not been described here.

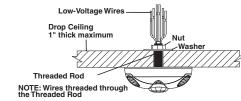
A. Drop Ceiling Installation (Mounting Option A):

NOTE: Use the threaded rod included.

- 1. Select location for mounting of sensor and proper masking for your application (refer to Mounting Location Diagram).
- 2. Use the supplied threaded rod or other methods to make a hole (1/2" to 1") in the ceiling tile just large enough to pass the body of the threaded rod through
- 3. Insert the sensor wires through the flared end of the threaded rod. Position the threaded rod to the base of the sensor
- 4. Insert the flared end of the threaded rod into the opening in the bottom of the sensor and twist to lock into place

- 5. Push the wires into the hole in the ceiling tile and insert the threaded rod until the sensor is flush with the tile.
- 6. Insert wires through the hole in the included washer, then place the included washer over the rod and screw on the included hex nut.
- 7. Class 2 Wiring: Connect low-Voltage wires from Power Pack to Sensor per WIRING DIAGRAM as follows: Twist strands of each lead tightly and, with circuit conductors, push firmly into appropriate wire connector. Screw connectors on clockwise making sure that no bare conductor shows below the wire connectors. Secure each connector
- 8. Rotate the sensor to the desired orientation. Note that the sensor base and back cover are keyed. To lock the device in place, ensure that the arrows are not aligned.
- 9. Restore power at circuit breaker or fuse to Power Pack. INSTALLATION IS COMPLETE. NOTE: All wired connections to the sensor are Class 2 low voltage.

Mounting Option Diagram A Occupancy Sensor Mounted to Drop Ceiling Using Threaded Rod



B. Wallboard or Drop Ceiling Installation (Mounting Option B):

NOTE: You may use the mounting screws, nuts and washers included, or screws in combination with commercially available wall anchors.

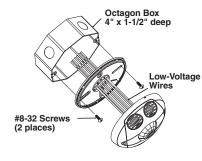
- 1. Select location for mounting of sensor and proper masking for your application (refer to Mounting Location Diagram)
- 2. Make a hole in the ceiling tile or wallboard large enough to pass the wire connections and wire nuts through (approximately 1" diameter).
- 3. Remove the back cover of the sensor. Hold the back cover and body of the sensor and rotate until the two arrows line up and pull apart.
- 4. Install back cover of the ceiling sensor to the wallboard or drop ceiling using the included screws, nuts and washers, or screws in combination with commercially available wall anchors
- 5. Class 2 Wiring: Connect low-Voltage wires from Power Pack to Sensor per WIRING DIAGRAM as follows: Twist strands of each lead tightly and, with circuit conductors, push firmly into appropriate wire connector. Screw connectors on clockwise making sure that no bare conductor shows below the wire connectors. Secure each connector
- 6. Push wire connections through the center hole of the back cover and into the ceiling.
- 7. Secure the sensor body to the back cover by aligning the arrows. Lock it by turning the sensor such that the arrows do not line up.
- 8. Rotate the sensor to the desired orientation.
- 9. Restore power at circuit breaker or fuse to Power Pack. INSTALLATION IS COMPLETE.

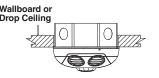
Step 3 cont'd

C. Junction Box or Surface Mount Raceway Installation (refer to Mounting Diagrams):

NOTE: Listed below are suggested JUNCTION BOX installation applications which require mounting to conduit in one of the following three ways:

Occupancy Sensor Mounted to Octagon Box Installed Flush to Wallboard Ceiling





Line

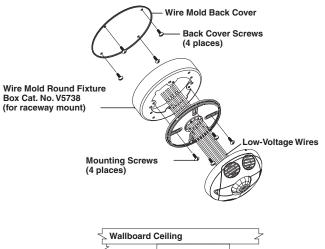
120-277-347 VAC

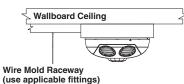
60Hz

Neutral (White)

Step 3 cont'd

Occupancy Sensor Mounted to Round Fixture with Raceway for Wallboard Installation



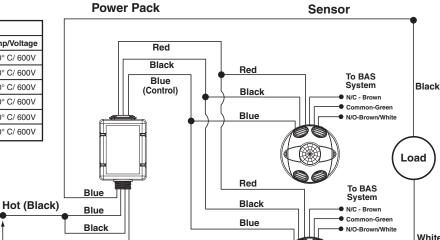


Wiring Diagram: Sensor Multiple Sensor, Single Power Pack

OSPxx Series

White





NOTE: Ensure to cap wires that are not bein

-Washer (2 places) Sensor Back Mounting Wallboard Ceiling Back Cover interna Keylock Arrow -Sensor Base Back Cover shown mounted on ceiling with screws Sensor Front Cove

Mounting Option Diagram B

Occupancy Sensor Mounted to Wallboard or Drop Ceiling Using Screws

OPERATION

- Multi-Tech Mode: This is the default mode of operation for the sensor. PIR technology turns lights on in this mode; however, motion detection by either technology will keep the lights on. If neither technology detects motion, the lights turn off after the delayed-off time.
- Single-Tech Mode: Only one technology is active in this mode. The technology is selected by the dip switches. Motion detection by the selected technology - PIR or ultrasonic - will turn on the lights as well as keep them on. When motion is not detected, the lights will turn off after the delayed-off time.
- Delayed-Off time: The sensor is designed to turn the lights off if no motion is detected after a specified time. This length of time is called the delayed-off time and is set using the timer (Black) knob on the sensor. The adapting patterns will modify the delayed-off time to fit the parameters of each installation based on environmental conditions and occupancy patterns.
- Walk-through Mode: The walk-through feature is useful when a room is momentarily occupied. With this feature, the sensor will turn the lights off shortly after the person leaves the room. The walk-through feature works as follows: When a person enters the room, the lights will turn on. If the person leaves the room before the default walk-through timeout of 2.5 minutes, the sensor will turn the lights off. If the person stays in the room for longer than 2.5 minutes, the sensor will proceed to the standard operation.
- LED Operation: There are two LED indicators that will flash when motion is detected. The LED flash can be disabled using the LED disable switch setting. Green flash indicates motion detection by ultrasonic technology. Red flash indicates motion detection by infrared technology.

ADAPTIVE FUNCTIONS

The Sensor continually analyzes the parameters of the motion detection signal and adjusts its internal operation to maximize detection of motion while minimizing the effects of noise (electrical noise, air currents, temperature changes, etc...).

When the lights turn on, the sensor initially enters the "walk-through" mode. Once the room is occupied for longer than 2.5 minutes, the sensor exits the "walk-through" mode and enters the "Occupied" mode. When the sensor is first installed, the delayed-off time for the occupied mode is based on the Time adjustment settings. While the sensor is in use, the delayed-off time will change, based on how the sensor adapts to the room conditions. Whenever the sensor subsequently turns on, the value of the delayed-off time will be the adapted value (refer to Occupancy Pattern Learning For Delayed Off Time).

The adapted settings can be reset using the DIP switch.

Occupancy Pattern Learning For Delayed Off Time:

The sensor will automatically change the delayed off time in response to the occupancy and environmental conditions of the space it is installed in. The sensor analyzes the motion signal properties and will minimize the delayed off time duration when there is frequent motion detection, and lengthen the delayed off time duration when there is weak and infrequent

In the case of a false-off condition (lights turn off when the room is occupied), the delayed off time duration will immediately be lengthened to prevent further false turn offs

Occupancy Pattern Learning for Ultrasonic Technology:

The sensor learns the occupancy patterns of a space during the course of a day, for a seven day period. At any given time, the sensor will look at the collected data and adjust its ultrasonic sensitivity. The sensor will adjust the sensitivity to make it less likely to turn on during a period of non-occupancy and more likely to turn on during a period of occupancy. This adapting feature is not applicable when the sensor is in PIR only mode.

SETTINGS

Default Settings:

Adjustment knob settings as per "recommended manual settings," (refer to Table 3 and Figure 1). All switches in the OFF position, except A4 is set to ON (refer to Table 4).

TABLE 3 : ADJUSTMENT KNOB SETTINGS									
Knob Color	Symbol	Function	Knob Setting	Factory Default Setting					
Green	2:11	Sets the ultrasonic range	Range Setting Full CCW = min. (OFF) Full CW = max.	50 %					
Red	8	Sets the infrared range	Range Setting Full CCW = min. (OFF) Full CW = max.	75 %					
Black	9	Delayed - Off Time	Full CCW = min. (30 sec) Full CW = max. (30 min.)	50 % (10 min)					

TABLE 4: SWITCH SETTINGS								
SWITCH FUNCTIONS	SWITCH SETTINGS							
Bank A	OFF	ON						
Single/Multi-Tech Mode	Multi-Tech	Single Tech						
PIR/Ultrasonic Mode	PIR	Ultrasonic						
Manual Mode	Auto Adapting Enabled	Auto Adapting Disabled						
Walk-Through Disable	Walk-Through Enabled	Walk-Through Disabled						
Bank B	OFF	ON						
Override to ON	Auto Mode	Lights Forced ON						
Override to OFF	Auto Mode	Lights Forced OFF						
Test Mode	OFF→ ON→ OFF = Enter/Exit Test Mode							
LEDs Disable	LEDs Enabled	LEDs Diasabled						
	SWITCH FUNCTIONS Bank A Single/Multi-Tech Mode PIR/Ultrasonic Mode Manual Mode Walk-Through Disable Bank B Override to ON Override to OFF Test Mode	SWITCH FUNCTIONS Bank A OFF Single/Multi-Tech Mode PIR/Ultrasonic Mode PIR Manual Mode Auto Adapting Enabled Walk-Through Disable Walk-Through Enabled Bank B OFF Override to ON Auto Mode Override to OFF Auto Mode Test Mode OFF > ON > OFF = Enter/Ex						

*NOTE: This setting is only used if the Single Technology Option (Switch A1) is selected.

Test Mode: To set the delayed-off time to 4 seconds for performing a walk test. While the sensor is in test mode, the LED's will flash amber once every 6-7 seconds

1. ENSURE POWER IS ON.

- 2. Remove front cover.
- 3. Locate Dip Switch 3 in Bank B (B3) (refer to Figure 1). B3 will be in the OFF position from the factory.
- 4. To enter Test Mode, move switch to ON and back to OFF. The test mode has now been entered with a 4 second time-out. NOTE: If B3 is already in the ON position, then test mode can be entered by just moving it to the OFF position.

- 1. The timer will remain in the 4 second test mode for 15 minutes, then automatically exit test mode and reset to the delayed-off time setting as defined by the black timer knob.
- 2. To manually take the timer out of the 4 second test mode, simply toggle the switch B3 from OFF to ON and back to OFF.

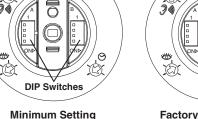
Isolated Relay Operation:

The Isolated Relay supports HVAC and other Class 2 low voltage signal lines up to 1A at 30VAC/VDC. It is a single-pole, double throw relay with Normally Open (N/O), Normally Closed (N/C), and Common wires. It follows occupancy such that the N/O wire is connected to common during occupancy.

Mounting Height:

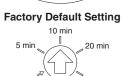
Recommended mounting height for standard lens (default lens on unit) is 8 feet. Recommended mounting height for the mid-range lens (supplementary lens) is 8-20 feet. Note: Ultrasonic sensitivity may be reduced with mounting heights above 8 feet.

Minimum and Default Settings 7 7



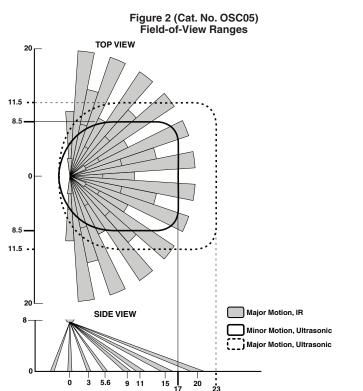
Adjust Knob Rotation

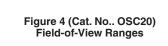
Direction





Delayed Off Time Selection (Black Knob)





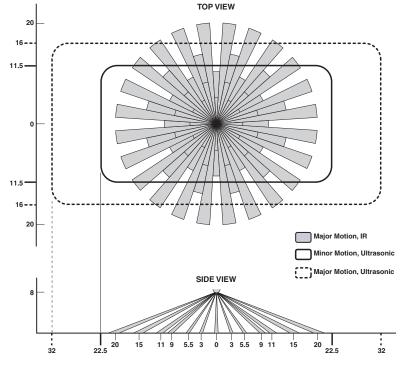


Figure 3 (Cat. No. OSC10) Field-of-View Ranges

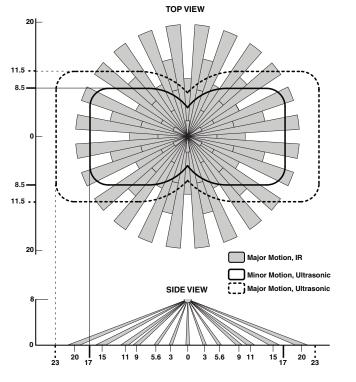
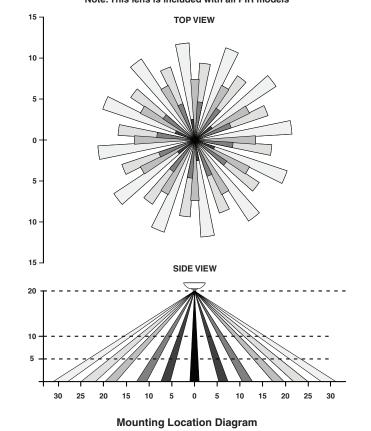
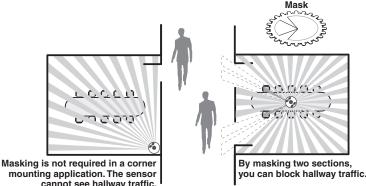


Figure 5 - (Mid-Range Lens) Field-of-View Ranges Note: This lens is included with all PIR models





TROUBLESHOOTING

· Lights do not turn ON

- Circuit breaker or fuse has tripped.
- Low-voltage miswired. To Test: Connect RED to BLUE wire at power pack to force
- Line voltage miswired. To Test: Connect BLUE to BLUE relay wires (of power pack) to force the lights ON.

Lights stay ON

- Constant motion. To Test: Reduce RED and/or GREEN knob by 15%; remove motion source. If unsatisfactory, move sensor.
- Infrared sensor can "see" into hallway. To Test: Put sensor in timer test mode walk and walk hallway. If lights continue to come ON, move sensor.

· Light turns ON too long

- Timer setting too high. To Test: Check switch settings. Typical setting is 10 minutes.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

- For technical assistance, contact us at 1-800-824-3005
- · Visit our website at www.leviton.com

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